

THE DAILY NEWS.

Newport:

TUESDAY MARCH (21) 1848.

BY O. V. JACKSON, ST-THAMES-EST.

Advertisers will please bear in mind that the circulation of the DAILY NEWS is more than DOUBLE that of the Daily Herald, and greater than the combined circulation of the Daily and Weekly Herald. As the proof of this fact, the list of Letters remaining in the Post-Office is advertised in the NEWS, as BY LAW REQUIRED.

FRANCE.—The news from France by the last steamer is of a most interesting and startling nature. It is an easy thing to talk of revolutions, but a revolution, such as has just taken place in France, never was accomplished by talking. The people there have submitted to a Monarchical and to a considerable extent Despotic form of government as their proud natures would let them, and now they seem bent on trying what virtue there is in a Republic.

This revolution has been brewing for a long time, and an outbreak was anticipated, unless the aspect of things changed, at some future day, though not before Louis Philippe's death, for it was thought that he was too strongly protected by the great standing armies who would rally at his back, but it seems that they showed a disposition generally to allow the people to have their own way, and in some cases joined with them.

The account of this revolution, as given in the papers, is very vague and incomplete; but it seems that an attempt of the government to suppress the "reform haubane" to have been held on the 22d of February, was the torch that lighted the long smothered fire into a blaze.

The question, now anxiously asked, is, what will be the effect upon Europe, when this triumph of the people of France is known, and a Republic is formed, as it undoubtedly will be. Will the "Allied powers" again interfere? If they do, will their subjects sustain them? If they do not, will the fire run through the Italian and other territories, which have so long shown a wish to be free? Will Ireland be affected by it? Will Spain and Portugal be quiet? Will the United States be involved, if a general war ensues? These are momentous questions, and pertinent, at this time. We are not now in a position to form any clear opinion—the event has come so suddenly—but there is just ground for the most serious anxiety. All eyes will now be turned with intense interest to Europe.

The following proclamation was issued by the Provisional Government:

PROCLAMATION OF THE PROVISIONAL GOVERNMENT.

TO THE FRENCH PEOPLE.

A retrograde and oligarchical Government has been overthrown by the heroism of the people of Paris.

The Government has fled, leaving after it a trace of blood, which precludes its return.

The blood of the people has flowed as in July; but this time the generous blood shall not be deceived. It has achieved a national and popular Government, in accord with the rights, the progress, and the will of this great and generous people.

A Provisional Government sprung by acclamation and urgency from the voice of the people, and the deputies of the departments in the sitting of the 24th is invested immutably with the care of the organization and ensuring the national victory, it is composed of—

M. DUPONT (de L'Eure).

LAMARTINE.

GREMIEUX.

ARAGO (of the Institute).

LEDRU ROLIN.

GARNIER PAGES.

MARIE.

The Government has for Secretaries—

M. ARMAND MARRAST.

LOUIS BLANC.

FERDINAND FLOCON.

These citizens have not hesitated one instant in accepting the patriotic mission imposed upon them by urgency.

When blood flows, when the capital of France is on fire, the commission of the provisional Government is derived from the public peril and the public safety. The whole of France will understand it, and will afford it the concurrence of patriotism. Under the popular government proclaimed by the Provisional Government every citizen is a magistrate.

Frenchmen, give the world the example that Paris has given to France; prepare yourselves, by order and by confidence in yourselves, for the powerful institutions which you are to be called upon to give to yourselves.

The Provisional Government will for a Republic, saving the ratifications of the

French people, which is to be immediately consulted.

Neither the people of Paris nor the Provisional Government, pretends to substitute their opinion of the citizens on the definitive form of the government which the sovereignty of the nation will proclaim.

The unity of the nation formed henceforth, of all the classes of the nation which compose it;

The government of the nation by itself;

Liberty, equality, and fraternity for principles;

The people for motto and *mot d'ordre*.

Such is the democratic government which France owes herself, and from which our efforts should be insured.

The Proclamation announces several appointments, and also dissolves the Municipal Guard, entrusting the protection of the city to the National Guards.

We have given, as fully as our space permits, a view of the facts and some of the reflections which they arouse. The whole world is in commotion, and no man can fore-see what it is to produce—but great events are upon the wing.

A STRANGE STORY.—The New Haven Journal of Thursday contains an almost incredible statement of the apparent death, and the burial of a young lady residing at Fair Haven, who, being afflicted with the toothache, applied to a physician, or dentist who administered the new soporific, and performed the necessary operation. Instead of recovering from the narcotic effect, however, she went into convulsions, which continued for several days, when she was conveyed to the family of her widowed mother in the parish of Northford. Here she had constant returns of convulsive spasms, until apparently relieved by death, after twelve days suffering. If the Journal's report is true, the worst remains to be told. After the body had remained three days, it was still warm, and did not exhibit the usual rigidity of death, the nerves still being elastic, though the breath had apparently departed. Under these circumstances, the corpse was buried.

WONDERFUL IF TRUE.—An inhabitant of Fitzburg has been arrested and is now undergoing an examination on the charge of murder, committed fourteen years ago.—The story, as told, seems more like romance than reality. The sexton of Fitzburg, as from time to time interments were made in one of the tombs in his charge, noticed that the body of the wife of Mr.—had a very peculiar appearance. At intervals during the last twelve years he has noticed this peculiarly, that it did not decay as rapidly as other bodies, and recently, it being ascertained that the stomach was in an uncommon state of preservation, it was determined, after consultation with some of the citizens, to submit it to the test of a chemical analysis. The stomach, or a portion thereof, was sent to Professor Webster, of Harvard College, who on analyzing it, detected a considerable quantity of arsenic. Suspicion immediately marked the husband of the deceased woman as the person who administered the poison—and he was accordingly arrested and is now undergoing a preliminary examination. It is said that the woman died after an illness of only eight hours and that from the developments thus far, it is supposed arsenic was given her in a tumbler of cider.

THE TEN REGIMENT bill passed the Senate on Friday by a vote 29 to 19. The bill also requiring all monies collected by government officers to be paid into the Treasury before deducting the salaries of the officers collecting it; for which purpose an especial appropriation is to be made.

HON. JOHN M. HOLLEY, a representative in congress of the Wayne and Seneca district of New York died in Jacksonville, Fla., on the evening of the 9th inst. He died of a sudden apoplectic attack, causing a congestion of the lungs. Mr. Holley was 50 years of age.

ATTORNEY GENERAL CLIFFORD has been nominated by the President and confirmed by the Senate as Commissioner to Mexico, with equal powers with Mr. Sevier. He left in the Southern boat on Saturday, bearing the Treaty. Mr. Walsh accompanied him.

MR. SEVIER will follow to-morrow or next day.

EPES THE MURDERER.—We learn from the Galveston News of the 18th inst. that Epes, the supposed murderer of Muir, was arrested near the Falls of Brazos, where he had been living under the name of Judge Shelly. He had been previously discovered and the Governor of Virginia noticed of the fact, which led to his capture.

Frenchmen, give the world the example that Paris has given to France; prepare yourselves, by order and by confidence in yourselves, for the powerful institutions which you are to be called upon to give to yourselves.

The Provisional Government will for a

REVENGE.—The very full details of news from every part of Mexico show that the utmost peace and quietude exist in that country, and give assurance of the favorableness of the present opportunity to conclude a peace. There has not been, since her independence, so much order and quiet in Mexico, as at this present moment. The war has relieved her of her surplus fire and combativeness, and taught her the necessity and advantage of peace.—*Delta* 9th.

SECESSION.—We learn from some of the Baltimore papers that on Wednesday, the Rev. Nelson Head made application to withdraw from the Baltimore Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church in order to unite himself to the Methodist Episcopal Church south. After some discussion the application was granted. Other applications of the same nature were expected. The next annual meeting of the conference is to be held at Staunton, Va.

TEXAN VENGEANCE.—On Sunday night, February 13th, a Texan ranger, named Adam Alence, of Capt. Robert's company, was attacked by a number of Mexicans in the suburbs of the city of Mexico, and killed. He was mangled in a brutal manner, and the Texans, exasperated at the cruel death of their comrade, sallied into the streets the next evening, to the number of fifteen or twenty, and proceeding to the quarters where Alence was killed, took fearful vengeance upon the party, whom they found armed with pistols and knives. Seventeen of the Mexicans are reported killed and forty wounded. Alence was a German, had served in Bonaparte's cavalry, and was a good and faithful soldier.

OMINOUS.—The Boston Post says that just before the receipt in that city of the news of the revolution in France, a republican friend of theirs let fall from his hand a five franc piece, on which was Louis Philippe's image, and superscription. To a superstitious old woman, this was an evidence that something was going to happen.

SOMETHING NEW.—A Temperance Society has been formed in Portland, under the name of the "Telegraphic Spike Society." It was formed by two individuals, who, believing they had been in the habit of spending too much of their hard earnings in one of the tombs in his charge, noticed that the body of the wife of Mr.—had a very peculiar appearance. At intervals during the last twelve years he has noticed this peculiarly, that it did not decay as rapidly as other bodies, and recently, it being ascertained that the stomach was in an uncommon state of preservation, it was determined, after consultation with some of the citizens, to submit it to the test of a chemical analysis. The stomach, or a portion thereof, was sent to Professor Webster, of Harvard College, who on analyzing it, detected a considerable quantity of arsenic. Suspicion immediately marked the husband of the deceased woman as the person who administered the poison—and he was accordingly arrested and is now undergoing a preliminary examination. It is said that the woman died after an illness of only eight hours and that from the developments thus far, it is supposed arsenic was given her in a tumbler of cider.

LATER FROM MEXICO.—Letters at St. Louis from Taos mention an outbreak there upon the attempt of the sheriff to arrest an Indian concerned in the former rebellion.—Forty of the inhabitants were captured and two killed. The town was burned.

33-A bag of doublets, \$420, was stolen from the City Bank, New Orleans; it belonged to the cousin of Robert Palfrey, cashier who had just arrived from Mexico, and placed it in the bank for safe-keeping.

MR. JOHN T. STANHOPE has just received a large lot of fashionable paper hangings, to which he invites the attention of the public.

THE steamer Northern Star, from Kennebunk for New York, put into this harbor yesterday for a supply of coal. She is a hard looking craft.

DURHOP, charged with the murder of Alexander H. Niel, a painter, in New York sometimes since, had his trial last week, and was acquitted.

THE array of evidence by the prosecution against Dr. Coolidge for the murder of Mathews, in the trial now going on in Augusta, Maine, is very strong.

THE governor of Connecticut has appointed Friday, April 21, for the annual fast.

THE two of the Viennese children have eloped from Madame Weiss at New Orleans.

THE editor of the Pawtucket Gazette was shot at last week, by some unknown person, and came near being hit.

Two stables were burned in New York on Saturday night, and six horses perished by the fire.

GREEN SPEARS, and other early vegetables, made their appearance in Galveston market in February.

MR. CLAY left Baltimore on Saturday noon for his home in Kentucky.

AN anti-Sabbath convention is to be held in Boston this week.

RANDALL HUTCHINSON, the mind defaulter, cannot obtain \$20,000 bail, and remains in prison in Philadelphia. The United States have obtained \$7000 from his securities, probably all they will obtain.

THE total value of property in Great Britain is estimated at \$25,000,000,000, and annual products at \$2,500,000,000—which, if equally divided, would give to each family of five persons, about \$5000; and of annual products, \$500.

The value of property in the United States is estimated at \$6,000,000,000, and the annual products at \$1,200,000,000—which, equally divided, would give each family \$1500 of property, and \$300 of annual products.

BREVITY.—The following correspondence is said to have passed between a mother, residing in New England, and a son, who had roved away to the south:

"Dear Tom—
Come home!
Your Mother," &c.

"Dear Mother—
I won't,
Your Loving Son."

THE following are said to be the last words of the patriarch Adonis: "The last of earth—I am, I am composed. One hour more—one hour more—one hour more."

WOMAN ALPHABETICALLY.—She should be amiable, benevolent charitable, domestic, economical, forgiving, generous, honest, industrious, judicious kind loving, modest, neat, obedient, pleasant, quiet, reflecting, sober, tender, urbane, virtuous, wise, exemplary, yeilding and zealous.

She should not be artful bold, cross, deceitful, envious, fearful, grovelling, hollow hearted, idle, jadish, knavish, lazy, morose, nonsensical, officious, petulant, quarrelsome, ranting, snappish, talkative, unreasonable, vain, wrangling, extravagant, or yawning.

THE ludicrous activity of the acquisitive spirit of our countrymen is thus illustrated in a London scribe: A Yankee hounds Portsmouth, and an English lady who understands that he has been an invalid, asks him if he has been benefited by his voyage. "Benefited!" he exclaims, "no not at all; I haven't made a dollar by it."

SYNTAX.—What is the meaning of Syntax, mother? I inquired a little child. "It's a tax on six; and that is the only thing not taxed in Pennsylvania," was the reply.

BOSTON, Dec. 10th, 1846.
This may certify that I have used Pool's Lotion, (as prepared by Messrs. Ains and Olds) for Scalds, Burns, Bruises, &c., and am happy to say that I believe it is all it purports to be.

JOSEPH KENDALL,
at H. N. Hooper & Co., Commercial St.
I can cheerfully testify to the above as I have known its good effects for two years.

S. S. MERRIAN,
at the Machine Shop of the Boston & Worcester Rail Road.
Sold in this town by Wm. H. Greene, and M. Freeborn & Co.

The Lady's Faith in Radway's Soap.
I know my face is Tanned and Freckled,
With Pimples, and with Blotches speckled
Sunburn and other annoying Spots,
With Scurvy, Morpew and Salt Rhueum,
Upon my cuticle assumes
To reign with full authority,—

But, ah! my friends, I'll cure them soon,
With a soap of a superior quality.

Radway's Chinese Medicated—
Is the name of this precious Soap:

It really cures all herinstated—
Either Pimples, Blotches, Tan or Spots.

The lady has she spoke the truth,
She found the Soap the friend of youth,

And beauty now claims its place,
Upon the clear, transparent face,

All ye who have upon your skin,
Pimples or Blotches, Pastules or Tan,

On the neck, the nose, the face or hands;
Or if perchance upon your arms—

And would possess angelic charms,
Fear not to rest your faith and hope

In Radway's Medicated Soap.

A secret which baffles the ingenuity of all who have strolled to analyze its properties. Radway's Chinese Medicated Soap. The extraordinary effects of this delicious emollient is truly astonishing, for no sooner is Radway's Soap applied to the surface, than tan, sunburn, pimples, blotches, tetter, and other excrements speedily disappear. It softens, soothes, heals and sweetens the skin, and imparts beauty to the complexion of all who use it. Sold for 2s. for large, and 1s. for small, at 2 Courtland St. N. Y. R. J. TAYLOR, Agent.

UNITED STATES HOTEL.
On Pearl, Fulton and Water Sts., New York;
BY H. JOHNSON.

THIS is one of the largest and best kept Hotels in the city of New York. Board \$1.50 per day. Its location is particularly convenient for business men, and Mr. Johnson, the popular and gentle manly landlord, makes the comfort of his guests a constant study.

May 3

To enable Mankind to Die of Old Age without Disease.—The public may not be aware that the Rev. B. Hubbard's Vegetable Pills are the very best Family Medicine extant; perfectly reliable in every emergency. No one can foresee the moment when they or their children may be attack-

ed. Disease comes like a thief in the night, and in times of great anxiety and danger, it is a relief to the mind to have at hand a remedy so certain, prompt, and efficient in warding off as well as curing disease. Ship Fever, Typhus Fever, Congestive and Bilious Diseases are rife throughout the land. To travellers, emigrants, soldiers, and families, we say neglect not to provide yourself with so potent a purifier of the blood; as an astringent, mild, and universal remedy as these vegetable Pills. Remember the name of Rev. B. Hubbard is on the label of each box. All others are spurious. T. R. Hubbard, M. D., 96 John-st, New York, proprietor. See advertisement in an Nethercolumne.

CAUTION.—The public are particularly cautioned against being imposed upon by persons that are selling preparations of Sarsaparilla which they pretend have the same qualities as Brown's Extract of Sarsaparilla and Tomatoes, or Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. Since these Bitters have been offered to the public, there have been no less than four different imitations got up by as many different individuals, and sold for the genuine. The good qualities of Brown's Extract of Sarsaparilla and Tomatoes, or Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, is already known and appreciated by physicians and the public, particularly by those who have used them for Impurities of the Blood, bad Humors, Scrofulous diseases, Bilious affections, Costiveness, loss of appetite, &c. There has been no medicine sold that has given such general satisfaction. There cannot be the least doubt but this compound is the best alternative now in use. We have abundance of proof of that fact. There have been thousands of cases of impurities of the blood cured by this medicine. Some of them have been truly wonderful, where the patients have been given over as incurable. The above compound is not merely a common extract of Sarsaparilla, but a very strong extract of the best Spanish Sarsaparilla, extracted by an entirely new apparatus, made expressly for the proprietor, and used by no other person in this country. This apparatus ensures the whole medicinal qualities of

Good opportunity to Buy

WILL be sold, at public auction, the entire stock in trade of Daniel T. Swinburne, con-sisting of English, French, and German Broad Cloths, Cambrics, Drapery, Tailors' Cloth, Furnishing Goods, &c. &c., all of which were bought for retail trade. Sale to commence on Monday, March 27, and continue from day to day until the whole stock shall be disposed of. Terms liberal. MILTON HALL, Auctioneer. Merchant Tailors are particularly invited to attend the sale. March 21.

25 BBLs. French Pippins, this day received and for sale at RIDER'S Fruit Store 97 Thames Street. March 21.

Molasses.

WEST INDIA MOLASSES, of prime quality, part of the cargo of schooner George Enga, for sale by WILLIAM NEWTON, 150 Thames St. March 21.

Raisins.

100 Kgs. New Raisins, just received per sloop Rienzi, and for sale cheap by WILLIAM NEWTON, 150 Thames St. March 21.

Dried Apples.

SELLING at a low price by WILLIAM NEWTON, 150 Thames Street. March 21.

New Goods.

FRESH Oranges, Lemons, Raisins, Figs, Cur-ants, Citron, Fig Paste, Guava Jell, Preserves, Lemon Peel, Almonds, Filberts, English Wal-nuts, Southern Peanuts, Pop Corn, Assorted Pre-serves, Canary and Hemp Seed, Assorted Pickles, Havana and Principe Segars of the Choicest Brand, and many more choice goods, this day received and for sale cheap for cash at RIDER'S 97 Thames Street.

Hang out our Banners on the outward walls, the cry is still they come!

OFFICE'S Newspaper Depot and Book Store, No. 3, Merchants Row and 99 Thames street. All the popular publications of the day constantly on hand, and New York, Philadelphia and Boston papers received daily. March 20.

1848 Spring Arrangement. 1848

Newport & Providence Direct.

THE Steamer PERRY, Captain Woolsey, will resume her trips on Monday, March 20th.

Will leave Newport for Providence, on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday mornings at 8 o'clock, and will leave Providence the same day at 3-1/2 o'clock for Newport. Fare 75 cents.

Passengers to Newport, on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays from Providence in the afternoon, can return the next morning by taking the Perry from Newport at 7-1/2 o'clock, and the Bradford Durfee at Bristol Ferry.

FOR FALL RIVER, NEW BEDFORD AND BOSTON.

The Perry will leave for Fall River, on Monday, Wednesday and Friday mornings at 7 o'clock, arriving in time to take the morning train to New Bedford and Boston and will leave Fall River at 10 o'clock for Newport, on the arrival of the trains from Boston and New Bedford. Fare 50 cents.

On the Fall River days, passengers for Providence, can find at Bristol Ferry and take passage in the Bradford Durfee. March 18.

OAK ROW No. 2 SPRING FASHIONS, 1848.

JUST received a large assortment of Beaver, Nutria, Mole, Skin and Silk HATS, which, for elegance of style, beauty of finish, and splendor of trimmings, have never been surpassed in this market. Also a large assortment of Men's, Boy's and Children's CAPS, of the Spring styles, among which are Men's and Children's fancy Caps, of the latest French pattern; a new and distinctive style, characteristic of the Nation, so justly celebrated for its taste in the article of Caps.

Hats and Caps made to order, at the shortest notice. [Mar 22] PARKER & WEAVER.

SPRING HATS.

JUST Received, at the BOSTON CLOTHING HOUSE, a large supply of HATS of the latest French Style, which will be sold LOWER THAN ANY EVER BEFORE OFFERED IN THIS TOWN.

Also a large lot of SPRING CAPS.

J. H. COZZENS, 98 Thames-st.

All persons having demands against the Sloop Salada, will present them for settlement to Feb 29. PAUL RIDER 97 Thames St.

Notice.

AN INTELLIGENCE OFFICE has been opened by its subscriber, on the corners of Prospect Hill and Thames-street, for the purpose of supplying those in want of help, or procuring situations for those in want of one.

mar 16. HENRY MURDOCK.

To Let.

THE new Cottage, situated on the hill in John street. Possession given 1st of May.

The above cottage is large, convenient, pleasantly situated, and has been dwelt in but one year. For further particulars enquire at Store No. 98 Thames St. [Mar 14] J. H. COZZENS.

25 BBLs. R. I. GREENINGS, now on hand in good order, and for sale at RIDER'S, mar 13. 97 Thames-st.

SOMETHING FOR EVERYBODY. The great demand for Paul's Rose, Orris and Tenny's Tooth Paste has determined the proprietor to reduce the price; and is now offered to the public, as the best and cheapest Dentifrice in use. Sold at 12½ cents per box by.

Feb 26. R. J. TAYLOR Ag't for Newport.

GENTLEMEN'S White Kid Gloves, at 25 Cents a pair, for sale by E. W. LAWTON & SON. Feb 21.

Tenements to Let.

A House and Garden in Howard Street, now occupied by Silas Sisson. Possessions given on the 1st of April.

Also a small tenement in house No. 99, Thames Street. Apply to I. CROOKER. [Mar 14]

650 BUSHELS Oats, in store and for sale by NATHAN STANTON, Market Square. Feb 22.

New Paper Hangings.

W. M. COZZENS, & Co. opened on Sat

urday, a part of their SPRING SUPPLY of New Paper Hangings, and they are ready for sale at the very lowest price. [Mar 13]

Hay-cutters.

FOR sale by M. FREEBORN & CO.

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Mutual Benefit Life Insurance Co. (Office No 21 Wall-st, N. Y.)

Advantages secured by the System of Life Insurance now in successful operation in this company.

1st. Those in good health, of the proper age,

and of sound constitution, will be insured at the lowest ratio of premiums.

2d. The premium, if over \$50, can be paid one-fourth in cash, and three-fourths in a secured note at 12 months, bearing 6 per cent. interest, and subject to assessments if required, or it may be paid weekly, monthly, or quarterly.

3d. Annual division of profits in scrip certificates which bear 6 per cent interest, and it requires a loan of two-thirds on the scrip will be made in cash—the profits can be added to increase the sum insured.

4th. No persons are liable beyond the amount of their premium.

5th. Married women may insure the lives of their husbands, secure from any demands of their creditors, if the premium does not exceed \$300 per annum.

6th. Creditors may insure their debtors, or debtors themselves, for the protection of creditors.

7th. An insurance can be made so that the sum insured will be paid on attaining a specified age, or sooner to the event of death.

8th. All claims on policies will be paid three months after notice and proof of death.

9th. No risk will be taken on any one life exceeding \$5000; until the surplus profits amount to \$50,000; then the amount of risk on a single life will be gradually extended as the funds of the Company augment.

10th. No Director or Officer can obtain a loan of the Company.

11th. When the net profits of the Company amount to \$200,000, the excess will be applied towards the redemption of Scrip, giving priority to that first issued; but the amount of \$200,000, in addition to the reinsurance fund, will be kept as a permanent fund, in which the members have a *pro rata* interest.

12th. The funds of the Company to be invested by the Finance Committee in bonds and first mortgages on unencumbered real estate, the actual value of which is twice the amount loaned—or in stocks of the United States, or of the States of N. York, New Jersey, Massachusetts, and Maine, or loaned to members on their Scrip.

13th. No part of the profits is withheld, or diverted from the assured in any way.

14th. There is no stock or loan, either nominal or real, to pay interest for; the company having ample capital in the premiums received.

15th. It enables a man to provide for a wife and children, in such way, that although he may lose all, they are safe; and all persons, whether married or unmarried, to provide for old age, sickness, and want, as well as for death.

16th. It does not reckon the assured a year older than he is—but from six months less, to six months more, so as to equalize the same between all parties.

17th. It pays no directors, auditors, or solicitors.

18th. A portion of the directors and the officers are chosen yearly, and the members vote according to interest.

19th. The assured can surrender the policy at any time after a term of years, and receive its equity value.

20th. Every precaution is taken to prevent a forfeiture of policy.

This Mutual Benefit Life Insurance Company, is authorized by its charter to make all and every Insurance appertaining to or connected with Life risks, of whatsoever kind or nature, and will grant annuities and make endowments, as by the Act of Incorporation, passed the 30th January, 1815.

The Directors of this Company, deeply impressed with the very great, useful, and growing importance to the community at large of Life Insurance, would call the attention of the public to the following observations and principles, as intended to explain to them its peculiar advantages, and the particular features of this valuable institution. It is seen above how extensive the privileges are, relating to every risk appertaining to or connected with Life, guarding and supporting infancy to old age, in all grades of professions and trades; orphans, widows, and their children, by a small annual investment, on the principle of Mutual Benefit, arising from Mutual Insurance, being a self-protective society. In this there is no Money Stock; the funds or capital arise from premiums paid in when persons make insurance, and these form the means to make payments on policies, grant loans, pay expenses, and yield profits. All persons insured become members, but are not liable beyond the amount of the premiums to be paid by them. The books of the company are open to them, to see that the sums paid, or securities received, are deposited or invested according to the charter, and the net profits, at fixed periods, are divided among them, as hereafter explained. The tables of figures, and the rules, are made and calculated with accuracy, after the experience and practice of old English companies, and all persons can see by them how much they have to pay, and the sums they will be likely to receive. The plans of the Savings Bank and Mutual Interest, affecting the security of the one, and gain of the other, are entirely benevolent in its operations; it also embraces a provision for Married Women to insure the lives of their husbands for any amount, the premium of which shall not exceed \$300 per annum, and is secured to them against any demands in law, of creditors.

The greatest portion of society, who by daily exertions of industry earn support, as artisans and mechanics, deriving livelihood from personal labor, and skill seldom resort to Life Insurance, in any numbers, for a suisse provision for their families, though it none would it be so important as to them, who, by sickness and death, may in a day leave those nearest and dearest to them in poverty. To men in mercantile pursuits and those in professional business of every rank and class, or those who have uncertain or small incomes, and who are most numerous in wealth in the aggregate and have it in their power to provide against the vicissitudes they are constantly exposed to, Life Insurance is also of the utmost importance; they, and those in lower circumstances, are often deterred from entering into contracts of insurance, as the advantages appear remote—being contingent on death, or ability to pay the premiums.

To assist all such, this Mutual Benefit society arranges the payment of the premiums, and renews, in part of the same, as to enable all persons to become members, and enjoy its advantages while living; thus protecting themselves in life, and providing for their families after their death; in this way a short life may obtain, and leave to heirs, the benefit of a long one.

This Company will grant insurances on lives, on

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2d. The premium, if over \$50, can be paid one-fourth in cash, and three-fourths in a secured note at 12 months, bearing 6 per cent. interest, and subject to assessments if required, or it may be paid weekly, monthly, or quarterly.

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CHEMICAL RESULT.—A WONDER.

Yesterdays VEGETABLE LIQUID HAIR DYE, to enable persons to dye instantaneous their hair, without the least inconvenience—For changing red or gray Hair, Whiskers, Eye brows, &c., to a Brown, Black, or Chestnut Color. The slightest evil consequences need not be feared from its use—it is altogether harmless. This composition is the only one sanctioned by the science of Chemistry, to dye, in an indestructible manner, the various gradations of colors, without danger or inconvenience, and has justified the liberal patronage and unlimited confidence of the public. It is a great and valuable article.

The observations and explanations above made on the principles of Life Insurance generally, and particularly the great and very superior advantages exhibited to the public by insuring in this Mutual Benefit Company; the credit which policies will give to men in trade, the gain it may be to all classes in their business vocations, and the duty of all to provide for their families, should induce every person to give this subject a careful consideration, remembering the injunction of Scripture, that "if any provide not for his own, he hath denied the faith, and is worse than an infidel."

MILTON HALL, Agent for Newport.

March 18.

Hyer's Pills.

The American Improved Hygeian Vegetable Medicine.

SAFE, CHEAP AND EFFECTIVE.

This medicine makes no pretensions to miraculous powers, the raising of the dead, or to insure the most astounding sales daily and hourly, after the most approved method of the times; but bases all its claims upon plain common sense principles, as a simple aid to nature in restoring the human system to its proper tone and action, when by carelessness or unavoidable circumstances it has become deranged or debilitated, and asks simply a faithful trial of its curative properties.

During the last twenty years it has worked its way into extensive use, *wholly upon its own merits*, by commendation from individual to individual, not having been advertised for more than twelve years till within the past few months—savo occasionally in a journal of which the present proprietor is Editor. The increasing demand, however, has measurably compelled greater attention to its business, and agencies are now being established throughout the country.

A faithful trial of a half dollar or dollar package is almost certain to secure use in every family where it is introduced, where medicine is needed.